

MAT 551 fall 07 HW set 1 answers (outline)

1. Let $\bar{x}_n = (1, \frac{1}{2}, \dots, \frac{1}{n}, 0, 0, \dots)$ then $\{\bar{x}_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ is Cauchy, but it converges to $(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \dots) \notin V$
 $\therefore V$ is not complete.

2. Suppose $\langle x_n, y \rangle \rightarrow \langle x, y \rangle \forall y$ and $\|x_n\| \rightarrow \|x\|$.
 Then

$$\|x_n - x\|^2 = \langle x_n - x, x_n - x \rangle = \|x_n\|^2 - \langle x_n, x \rangle - \langle x, x_n \rangle + \|x\|^2$$

$$\rightarrow \|x\|^2 - \|x\|^2 - \|x\|^2 + \|x\|^2 = 0$$

Conversely, suppose $x_n \rightarrow x$ in the strong topology i.e. $\|x_n - x\| \rightarrow 0$. Then $|\|x_n\| - \|x\|| \leq \|x_n - x\| \rightarrow 0$ and $|\langle x_n, y \rangle - \langle x, y \rangle| = |\langle x_n - x, y \rangle| \leq \|x_n - x\| \|y\| \rightarrow 0$.

3. $u_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ $u_2 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x$ $u_3 = \sqrt{\frac{45}{8}} (x^2 - \frac{1}{3})$

4. a) Let $x \in N^\perp \Rightarrow \langle x, y \rangle = 0 \forall y \in N \subset M$
 $\therefore \langle x, y \rangle = 0 \forall y \in M \therefore x \in M^\perp$
 Hence $M^\perp \supset N^\perp$

b) Let $x \in M \Rightarrow \langle x, y \rangle = 0 \forall y \in M^\perp \therefore x \perp M^\perp$
 $\therefore x \in (M^\perp)^\perp$ & Hence $M \subset (M^\perp)^\perp$

Conversely, suppose $x \in (M^\perp)^\perp$. Since $H = M \oplus M^\perp$ we have $x = \mu + \nu$ with $\mu \in M$ and $\nu \in M^\perp$. $x \perp M^\perp \therefore x \perp \nu$
 $\therefore 0 = \langle x, \nu \rangle = \langle \mu, \nu \rangle + \langle \nu, \nu \rangle = 0 + \|\nu\|^2$
 $\therefore \nu = 0 \therefore x = \mu \in M$
 Hence $(M^\perp)^\perp \subset M$