

Solve three problems from among these and past unsolved problems.

19. Let $f : [0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbf{C}$ be a bounded measurable function. Suppose that

$$\int_0^{\infty} f(x)e^{-nx} dx = 0$$

for $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$. Prove that $f = 0$ almost everywhere.

20. (Note that the functions in this problem are complex-valued.) Let X and Y be locally compact Hausdorff spaces. Let \mathcal{F} be the collection of functions f of the form $f(x, y) = g(x)h(y)$, where $g \in C_0(X)$ and $h \in C_0(Y)$.

- (i) Prove that $\mathcal{F} \subseteq C_0(X \times Y)$.
- (ii) Prove that $\text{span } \mathcal{F}$ is uniformly dense in $C_0(X \times Y)$.

21. Let X be a TVS and let $M \subseteq X$ be a linear manifold. Let X/M have the quotient topology. (Recall that this is the topology $\{A \subseteq X/M : \pi^{-1}(A) \text{ is open in } X\}$, where $\pi : X \rightarrow X/M$ is the quotient map.)

- (i) Prove that addition and scalar multiplication are continuous on X/M .
- (ii) Prove that X/M is Hausdorff (and hence a TVS) if and only if M is closed in X .

22. Let X be a TVS, and let $f : X \rightarrow \mathbf{C}$ be a non-zero linear functional. Prove that the following statements are equivalent.

- (i) f is continuous.
- (ii) $\ker f$ is closed.
- (iii) $\ker f$ is not dense in X .