

Write neatly, not too small, and not too lightly. You may discuss the problems with other students from class, but you must write your own solutions. **Reread** your proofs **before** copying them out to turn in; I really do mean that you should write (at least) one draft of each solution.

25. Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a continuous function between metric spaces X and Y .

- (i) Prove that for any set $E \subseteq X$, $f(\overline{E}) \subseteq \overline{f(E)}$.
- (ii) Prove by example that equality in part (i) need not hold.
- (iii) Suppose that $X = \mathbf{R}^n$ and that E is a bounded set. Prove that equality in (i) holds.

26. Let (X, d) be a metric space, let $f : X \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$, and let $a \in X$. Define the *oscillation* of f at a by

$$\text{osc}(f, a) = \inf_{r>0} (\sup\{|f(x) - f(y)| \mid x, y \in B_r(a)\}).$$

- (i) Prove that f is continuous at a if and only if $\text{osc}(f, a) = 0$.
- (ii) Prove that for any $c > 0$, the set $\{x \in X : \text{osc}(f, x) \geq c\}$ is a closed subset of X .

27. Let X and X' be metric spaces, and let $f : X \rightarrow X'$ be a function. Consider two properties that f might have:

- (A) f is uniformly continuous.
- (B) For every Cauchy sequence (x_n) in X , the sequence $(f(x_n))$ in X' is Cauchy.
 - (i) Prove that (A) implies (B).
 - (ii) Does (B) imply (A)? Prove your answer.

28. (i) Let X, X' be metric spaces and let $f : X \rightarrow X'$ be a function. Prove that each of the following two statements implies the other:

- (a) f is uniformly continuous.
- (b) Whenever $(x_i)_{i=1}^{\infty}$ and $(y_i)_{i=1}^{\infty}$ are two sequences in X with $\lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} d(x_i, y_i) = 0$, then $\lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} d'(f(x_i), f(y_i)) = 0$.

(ii) Suppose that $f : X \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ is continuous and has the property that for every $\epsilon > 0$, the set $\{x \in X : |f(x)| \geq \epsilon\}$ is compact. Prove that f is uniformly continuous.