

1. Define the following:

- (i) $A \subseteq B$
- (ii) $A \cup B$
- (iii) $A \cap B$
- (iv) $A - B$
- (v) $A \times B$
- (vi) $\mathcal{P}(A)$
- (vii) $\bigcup_{i \in I} A_i$
- (viii) $\bigcap_{i \in I} A_i$
- (ix) $A \cap B = \emptyset$
- (x) $f : A \rightarrow B$
- (xi) $f_*(X)$
- (xii) $f^*(Y)$
- (xiii) injective function
- (xiv) surjective function
- (xv) bijective function
- (xvi) left inverse of a function
- (xvii) right inverse of a function
- (xviii) inverse of a function

2. Prove the following statements (about sets):

- (i) $\{n^2 - n - 1 \mid n \in \mathbf{Z}\} \subseteq \{2k - 1 \mid k \in \mathbf{Z}\}$.
- (ii) $A - (B - C) = (A - B) \cup (A \cap C)$
- (iii) $(A \times B) - (C \times D) = [A \times (B - D)] \cup [(A - C) \times (B \cap D)]$
- (iv) $B \cup (\bigcap_{i \in I} A_i) = \bigcap_{i \in I} (B \cup A_i)$

3. Let $f : A \rightarrow B$ be a function, and let $X \subseteq A$, $Y \subseteq B$.

- (i) Prove that $f^*(B - Y) = A - f^*(Y)$.
- (ii) Prove that $f_*(A - X) \supseteq f_*(A) - f_*(X)$.
- (iii) Give counterexamples to show that neither $f_*(A - X) \supseteq B - f_*(X)$ or $f_*(A - X) \subseteq B - f_*(X)$ need hold in general.

4. Let $h : [0, \infty) \rightarrow [0, \infty)$ be given by $h(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$.

- (i) Find a left inverse for h (and prove that it is a left inverse).
- (ii) Prove that the left inverse for h that you found in part (i) is not a right inverse.

5. Let $f : \mathbf{R} - \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbf{R} - \{2\}$ be given by $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 2$. Prove that f is bijective.

6. Let $f : A \rightarrow B$. Suppose that f has a right inverse. Prove that f is surjective.

7. Let $g : A \rightarrow B$. Suppose that g is injective. Let Z be a set, and let $p : Z \rightarrow A$ and $q : Z \rightarrow A$ be functions such that $g \circ p = g \circ q$. Prove that $p = q$.